Second Term Test

Duration:	50 minutes
Aids allowed:	None
provided and us	your examination booklet has 6 pages (including this one). Answer in the space se the reverse side of the page for rough work; write legibly. (If you need more reverse side of the page and indicate clearly which part of your work should be
Family Name	:
First Name:	
Student #:	
Tutorial:	
	1 / 15
	2/ 10
	3 / 15

Total: _____ / 40

Question 1

[15 marks in total]

Consider the following Node class, which can be used for doubly-linked lists of Strings.

```
class Node {
   public String data;
   public Node prev, next;

   public Node( String initData ) {
      data = initData;
   }
}
```

For this question, you have to write a recursive search method that has the following signature, where tail is a reference to the last node of a doubly-linked list.

```
boolean recSearch (Node tail, String tag)
```

(a) (3 marks) Give a precise statement of what it means for the method to be correct, as a function of the input size n (state exactly what n is equal to in terms of the parameters).

(b) (6 marks) Write the body of the method, using recursion. Do not use loops! boolean recSearch(Node tail, String tag) {

}

(c) (3 marks) What are the values of example.prev and example.next after executing this line of code: "Node example = new Node("easy");"? Why?

(d) (3 marks) If we changed the Node class to hold a reference to an Object instead of a String, would we need to change the body of the method recSearch to look for a String in a doubly-linked list? If so, explain what changes should be made; if not, explain why.

Question 2

[10 marks in total]

(a)	(4 marks) You're working for a company that needs to design an adventure game. Part of the game involves people, wolves, and werewolves. (A werewolf is a creature capable of assuming the form of a person or of a wolf at will.) Pick the most flexible, general, and maintainable design for these concepts, from among the following choices (check only one). (Note that it is possible in Java to have one interface extend another.)		
		We have a general Creature class; two subclasses of Creature, Person and Wolf; and a subclass Werewolf that extends both Person and Wolf.	
		We have a general Creature interface; two interfaces PersonInter and WolfInter that extend Creature; a class Person that implements PersonInter and a class Wolf that implements WolfInter; and a class Werewolf that implements both PersonInter and WolfInter, and has instance variables of type Person and Wolf.	
		We have a general Creature interface; two classes that implement Creature, Person and Wolf; and a class Werewolf that implements Creature, and has two instance variables of type Person and Wolf.	
		We have a general Creature class; two interfaces, PersonInter and WolfInter; a class Person that implements PersonInter and a class Wolf that implements WolfInter; and a class Werewolf that implements both PersonInter and WolfInter, and has instance variables of type Person and Wolf.	
(b)		narks) Explain the main reason why abstract data types should be represented by inters instead of classes.	
(c)	(2 m	narks) Write your name and student number at the top of every page of this test.	

Question 3

[15 marks in total]

Consider the following method (where "**" represents exponentiation, so that c**(a+b) is equal to c raised to the power of a+b, for example).

(a) (2 marks) If we want to prove that a loop is correct, we must find a bound function t; what properties must t satisfy? (Just state the properties.)

(b) (4 marks) If we want to prove that a loop is correct, what relationship must we prove between the loop invariant, the loop test, and the loop body? (Just state the relationship, do not prove it.)

(c) (3 marks) If we want to prove that a loop is correct, we must show that the loop invariant is true if we assume that the preconditions are true and that we execute the initialization. Prove this for the loop in discBinLog.

(d) (4 marks) If we want to prove that a loop is correct, we must show that the postcondition is true if we assume that the loop invariant is true and that the loop test is false. Prove this for the loop in discBinLog.

(e) (2 marks) Pick the most appropriate bound function for the loop in discBinLog from the following list (check only one).

 \Box t = x - z - 1

 \Box t = z - x - 1

 \Box t = x - z

 \Box t = z - x

 \Box t = x - z + 5