- 458 Let *n* be a natural constant. Let *S*:  $n^*nat$  be an implementer's variable. It is being reimplemented by *R*:  $n^*nat$  representing the same *n* naturals but in the reverse order.
- (a) What is the data transformer?
- (b) A user has variable *i*: *nat* and the operation  $get = i := S_i$ Use your transformer from part (a) to transform get.

After trying the question, scroll down to the solution.

It is convenient to define the "reverse" operator  $\leftarrow$ . For any string S, define  $\leftarrow S$  to be the reverse of S. Formally, if  $n = \leftrightarrow S$ ,

 $\forall j: 0, ..n \cdot S_j = (\leftarrow S)_{n-j-1}$ and equivalently  $\forall j: 0, ..n \cdot (\leftarrow S)_j = S_{n-j-1}$ and we can prove  $\leftarrow$  is its own inverse  $\leftarrow \leftarrow S = S$ 

(a) What is the data transformer?

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 $D = R = \leftarrow S$ or equivalently  $D = S = \leftarrow R$ 

(b) A user has variable *i*: *nat* and the operation  $get = i := S_i$ Use your transformer from part (a) to transform *get*.

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 $\forall S \cdot D \Rightarrow \exists S' \cdot D' \land get$  $\forall S \cdot S = \leftarrow R \Rightarrow \exists S' \cdot S' = \leftarrow R' \land (i := S_i)$  expand assignment in the old variable = = $\forall S \cdot S = \leftarrow R \Longrightarrow \exists S' \cdot S' = \leftarrow R' \land i' = S_i \land S' = S$ one-point  $\forall S \cdot S = \leftarrow R \implies i' = S_i \land \leftarrow R' = S$ = one-point  $i' = (\leftarrow R)_i \land \leftarrow R' = \leftarrow R$ = ← is self-inverse =  $i' = R_{n-i-1} \wedge R' = R$ contract assignment in the new variable =  $i := R_{n-i-1}$