

70 Some mathematicians like to use a notation like $\exists!x: D \cdot P x$ to mean “there is a unique x in D such that $P x$ holds”. Define $\exists!$ formally.

After trying the question, scroll down to the solution.

§ The word “unique” means “there is exactly one value of x such that $P x$ holds.

$(\exists x: D \cdot P x) \wedge \neg(\exists x, y: D \cdot x \neq y \wedge P x \wedge P y)$
or $\exists x: D \cdot P x \wedge \neg \exists y: D \cdot x \neq y \wedge P y$
or $(\exists x: D \cdot P x) \wedge (\forall x, y: D \cdot P x \wedge P y \Rightarrow x=y)$
or $\exists x: D \cdot P x \wedge \forall y: D \cdot P y \Rightarrow x=y$
or $\exists x: D \cdot \forall y: D \cdot P y = (x=y)$
or $\wp(\{x: D \cdot P x\}) = 1$