

Name:

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## CSC 120 (R Section) — Quiz #1 — 2016-01-29

No books, notes, or calculators are allowed. You have 30 minutes to write this quiz.

**Question 1:** [ 24 Marks ] On the six blank lines below, write what R will output at that point if the commands shown are typed into the R console window. Note that the ">" shown at the beginnings of lines is the R command prompt, not something typed.

```
> 7+3*10

> a <- 5
> b <- a+1
> a <- 2
> a*b

> x <- c(4,3,9)
> x[1]+x[a]

> x*a

> y <- x
> x[2] <- 10
> x+y

> s <- "pineapple"
> substring(s,4,4)=="e"
```

**Question 2:** [ 26 Marks ] Consider a function called `mystery` defined as follows:

```
mystery <- function (a) {
  x <- a
  if (a[4]==0)
    x[1] <- 0
  else
    x[1] <- 1
  x[2] <- a[1] + a[2]
  x[3] <- x[1] + x[2]
  x[1] + 10*x[2] + 100*x[3]
}
```

Below are two calls of this function. Write in the blank lines after them what R will output as a result of these calls.

```
> mystery (c(3,2,7,0,2))

> mystery (c(7,3,1,4))
```

**Question 3:** [ 25 Marks ] Write down a definition for a function called `limit` that takes as arguments a number `x` and a positive number `lim`, and returns as its value the argument `x` if its absolute value is less than `lim`, and otherwise returns `lim` if `x` is positive and `-lim` if `x` is negative. You must use only R features that have been covered in lectures and labs; in particular, you must not use R's `min` or `max` functions. You may use the `abs` function if you wish.

Examples: `limit(-3,7)` is `-3`, `limit(-9,7)` is `-7`, `limit(12,7)` is `7`.

**Question 4:** [ 25 Marks ] Write down a definition for a function called `positive_sum` that takes two arguments, called `vec1` and `vec2`, which you should assume are numeric vectors of the same length (which is at least one). The function should return as its value a numeric vector the same length as its arguments, in which each element is the sum of the corresponding elements of `vec1` and `vec2`, except that if this sum is negative, the value for that element should be `-1`. You should use only those R features that we have covered so far in the course.

Here is the output from an example call of this function:

```
> positive_sum (c(3,-18,2,-2,5), c(2,13,4,-3,-2))
[1] 5 -1 6 -1 3
```