

Lecture 15: Robustness Analysis

Good Object Oriented Design Robustness Analysis

Allocating Behaviour

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Department of Computer Science

Starting Point

You've done the Requirements Analysis

You have:



A set of Use Cases

(explaining how users will use the system)



A Domain Model

(to keep track of key domain concepts)



Stakeholder Goal Models

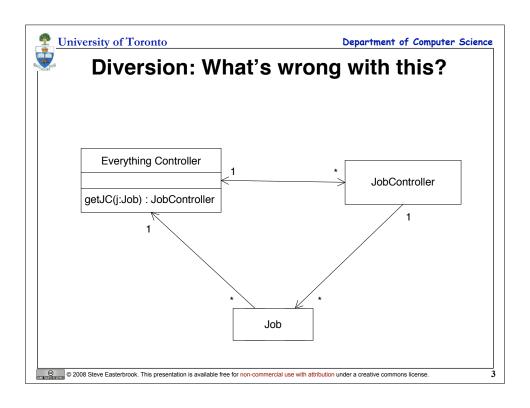
(explaining how the use cases will meet the stakeholders' real needs)

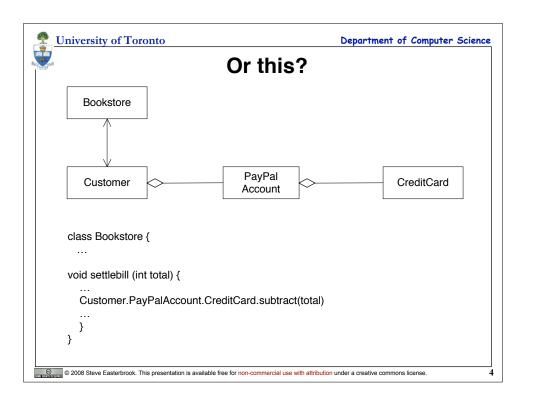
Challenge:

Allocate responsibility for the use cases to classes in the system

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the Law of Demeter

Basically:

"Only talk to your friends"

More specifically:

A method, m, of an object, O, can only call methods of:

- 1. O itself
- 2. m's parameters
- 3. any object created by m
- 4. O's direct component objects

[m cannot call methods of an object returned by another method call]

Programmer's rule of thumb:

"use only one dot"

e.g. instead of: Customer.PayPalAccount.CreditCard.subtract(total)

use: Customer.GetPayment(total)

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University of Toronto Department of Computer Science **Robustness Analysis Boundary Objects** Used by actors when communicating with the system Only these can initiate events (usually widgets on the UI) **Entity Objects** Usually objects from the domain model Things we need to keep track of **Control Objects** The "glue" between boundary objects & entity objects Capture business rules and policies (note: often implemented as methods of other objects) © 2008 Steve Easterbrook. This presentation is available free for non-commercial use with attribution under a creative commons license.

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Why do Robustness Analysis

Bridges the gap between Requirements and Design

Sanity Check

Tests the language in the Use Case description Nouns from the Use Case get mapped onto objects Verbs from the Use Case get mapped onto actions

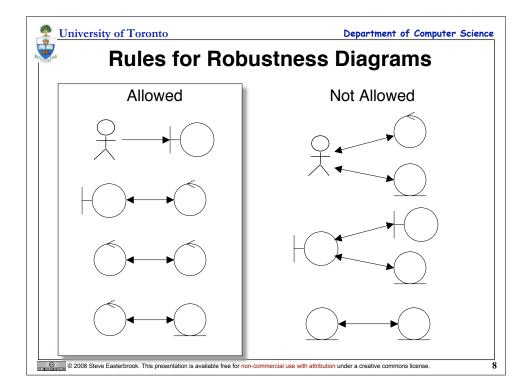
Completeness Check

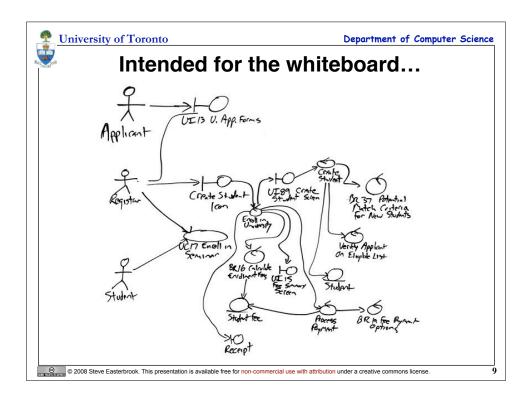
Discover the objects you need to implement the use cases Identify alternative courses of action

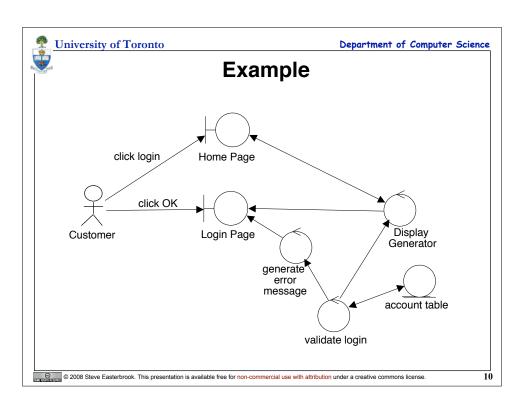
Object Identification

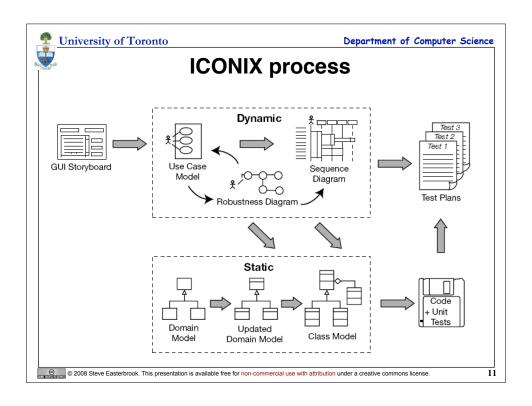
Decide which methods belong to which objects

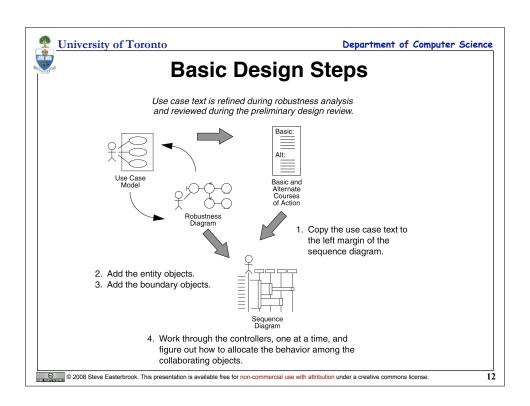
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Benefits of Robustness Analysis

- 1. Forces a consistent style for use cases
- 2. Forces correct 'voice' for use cases
- 3. Sanity and completeness check for use cases
- 4. Syntax rules for use case descriptions
 - e.g. actors only talk to boundary objects
- 5. Quicker and easier to read than sequence diagrams
- 6. Encourages use of Model-View-Controller (MVC) pattern

- 7. Helps build layered architectures
 - e.g presentation layer, domain layer, repository layer
- 8. Checks for reusability across use cases before doing detailed design
- 9. Provides traceability between user's view and design view
- 10. Plugs semantic gap between requirements and design

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