

# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

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covariance and contravariance

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**varies directly as**      **and**      **varies inversely as**  
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**sorted**      **and**      **sorted backwards**

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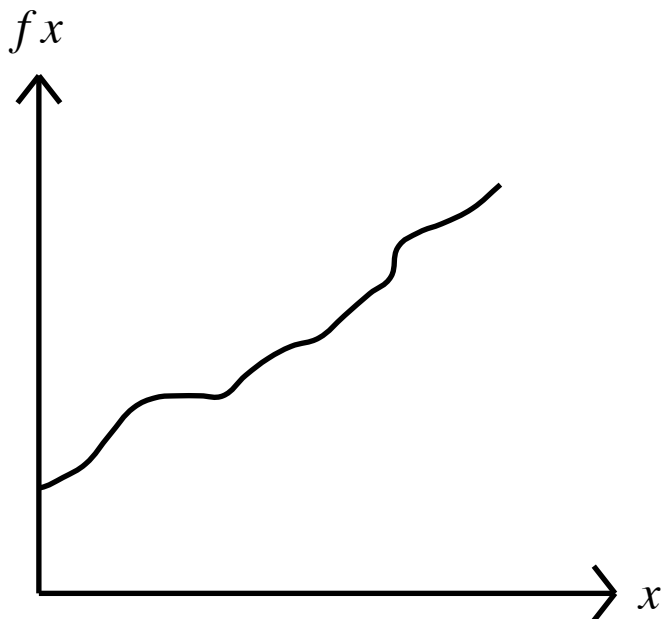
$$x \leq y \Rightarrow f x \leq f y$$

$$x \leq y \Rightarrow f x \geq f y$$

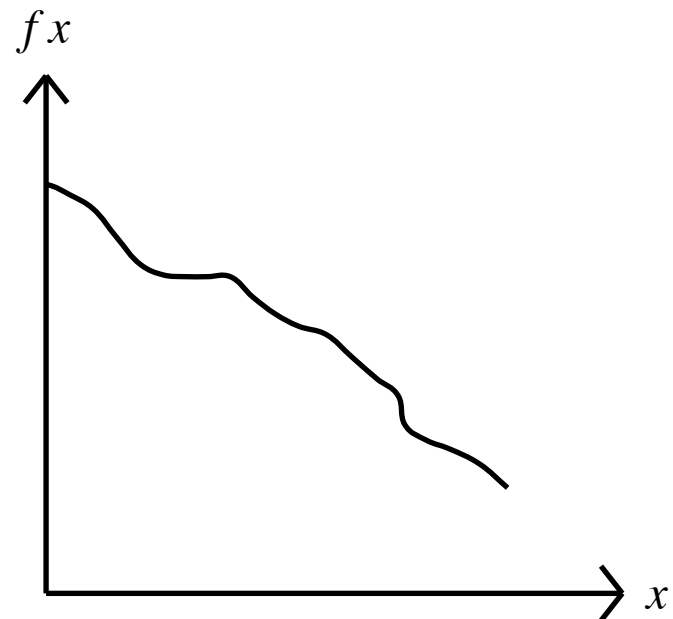
# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

**covariance** and **contravariance**  
**varies directly as** and **varies inversely as**  
**nondecreasing** and **nonincreasing**  
**sorted** and **sorted backwards**

$$x \leq y \Rightarrow f(x) \leq f(y)$$



$$x \leq y \Rightarrow f(x) \geq f(y)$$



# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

number:

binary:



# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

number:  $x \leq y$

binary:  $x \Rightarrow y$

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number:  $x \leq y$   $x$  is less than or equal to  $y$

binary:  $x \Rightarrow y$   $x$  implies  $y$

# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

number:  $x \leq y$   $x$  is less than or equal to  $y$

binary:  $x \Rightarrow y$   $x$  implies  $y$   $x$  is false or  $y$  is true

# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

number:  $x \leq y$   $x$  is less than or equal to  $y$

binary:  $x \Rightarrow y$   $x$  implies  $y$   $x$  is stronger than or equal to  $y$

# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

number:  $x \leq y$   $x$  is less than or equal to  $y$   
 $-\infty \leq +\infty$   $0 \leq 1$  smaller  $\leq$  larger

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 $\perp \Rightarrow \top$  stronger  $\Rightarrow$  weaker

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number:  $x \leq y$   $x$  is less than or equal to  $y$   
 $-\infty \leq +\infty$   $0 \leq 1$  smaller  $\leq$  larger  
 $x \leq y \Rightarrow f x \leq f y$   $f$  is monotonic

binary:  $x \Rightarrow y$   $x$  implies  $y$   $x$  is stronger than or equal to  $y$   
 $\perp \Rightarrow \top$  stronger  $\Rightarrow$  weaker  
 $x \Rightarrow y \Rightarrow f x \Rightarrow f y$   $f$  is monotonic

# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

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$$x \leq y$$

$x$  is less than or equal to  $y$

$$-\infty \leq +\infty \quad 0 \leq 1$$

smaller  $\leq$  larger

$$x \leq y \Rightarrow f x \leq f y$$

$f$  is monotonic

as  $x$  gets larger,  $f x$  gets larger (or equal)

binary:

$$x \Rightarrow y$$

$x$  implies  $y$

$x$  is stronger than or equal to  $y$

$$\perp \Rightarrow \top$$

stronger  $\Rightarrow$  weaker

$$x \Rightarrow y \Rightarrow f x \Rightarrow f y$$

$f$  is monotonic

as  $x$  gets weaker,  $f x$  gets weaker (or equal)

# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

number:	$x \leq y$	$x$ is less than or equal to $y$
	$-\infty \leq +\infty \quad 0 \leq 1$	smaller $\leq$ larger
	$x \leq y \Rightarrow f x \leq f y$	$f$ is monotonic as $x$ gets larger, $f x$ gets larger (or equal)
	$x \leq y \Rightarrow f x \geq f y$	$f$ is antimonotonic as $x$ gets larger, $f x$ gets smaller (or equal)
binary:	$x \Rightarrow y$	$x$ implies $y$ $x$ is stronger than or equal to $y$
	$\perp \Rightarrow \top$	stronger $\Rightarrow$ weaker
	$x \Rightarrow y \Rightarrow f x \Rightarrow f y$	$f$ is monotonic as $x$ gets weaker, $f x$ gets weaker (or equal)
	$x \Rightarrow y \Rightarrow f x \Leftarrow f y$	$f$ is antimonotonic as $x$ gets weaker, $f x$ gets stronger (or equal)



# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

$\neg a$

antimonotonic in  $a$

# Monotonicity and Antimonotonicity

$\neg a$                       antimonotonic in  $a$

$a \wedge b$                       monotonic in  $a$                       monotonic in  $b$

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$a \Leftarrow b$                       monotonic in  $a$                       antimonotonic in  $b$

**if  $a$  then  $b$  else  $c$  fi**                      monotonic in  $b$                       monotonic in  $c$

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$\neg(a \wedge \neg(a \vee b))$

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$\neg(a \wedge \neg \overline{a} )$



use the Law of Generalization  $a \Rightarrow a \vee b$



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$\neg(a \wedge \underline{\neg(a \vee b)})$



$\neg(a \wedge \underline{\neg a})$

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$a \Rightarrow b$	antimonotonic in $a$	monotonic in $b$
$a \Leftarrow b$	monotonic in $a$	antimonotonic in $b$
<b>if <math>a</math> then <math>b</math> else <math>c</math> fi</b>	monotonic in $b$	monotonic in $c$

$$\frac{\neg(a \wedge \neg(a \vee b))}{\neg(a \wedge \neg a)}$$

use the Law of Generalization  $a \Rightarrow a \vee b$

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$$\frac{\neg(a \wedge \neg(a \vee b))}{\neg(a \wedge \neg a)}$$

↑

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$a \Leftarrow b$                       monotonic in  $a$                       antimonotonic in  $b$

**if  $a$  then  $b$  else  $c$  fi**                      monotonic in  $b$                       monotonic in  $c$

$\neg(a \wedge \neg(a \vee b))$                       use the Law of Generalization  $a \Rightarrow a \vee b$

$\Leftarrow \neg(a \wedge \neg a)$

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<b>if <math>a</math> then <math>b</math> else <math>c</math> fi</b>	monotonic in $b$	monotonic in $c$

$$\neg(a \wedge \neg(a \vee b))$$

use the Law of Generalization  $a \Rightarrow a \vee b$

$$\Leftarrow \neg(a \wedge \neg a)$$

now use the Law of Noncontradiction

$$= \top$$

# Context

In  $a \wedge b$ , when changing  $a$ , we can assume  $b$ .

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If  $b$  is  $\top$ , we have assumed correctly.



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In  $a \wedge b$ , when changing  $a$ , we can assume  $b$ .

$$= \begin{array}{c} a \wedge b \\ \downarrow \\ c \wedge b \end{array}$$

If  $b$  is  $\top$ , we have assumed correctly.

If  $b$  is  $\perp$ , then  $a \wedge b$  and  $c \wedge b$  are both  $\perp$ , so the equation is  $\top$  anyway.

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$$\neg(a \wedge \neg(a \vee b))$$

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In  $a \wedge b$ , when changing  $a$ , we can assume  $b$ .

In  $a \wedge b$ , when changing  $b$ , we can assume  $a$ .

$\neg(a \wedge \underline{\neg(avb)})$

assume  $a$  to simplify  $\neg(avb)$

# Context

In  $a \wedge b$ , when changing  $a$ , we can assume  $b$ .

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$$\begin{aligned} & \neg(a \wedge \underline{\neg(avb)}) && \text{assume } a \text{ to simplify } \neg(avb) \\ = & \neg(a \wedge \neg(\top \vee b)) \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \neg(a \wedge \underline{\neg(avb)}) && \text{assume } a \text{ to simplify } \neg(avb) \\ = & \neg(a \wedge \neg(\top \vee b)) && \text{Symmetry Law and Base Law for } \vee \\ = & \neg(a \wedge \neg\top) \end{aligned}$$

# Context

In  $a \wedge b$ , when changing  $a$ , we can assume  $b$ .

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# Context

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In  $a \Leftarrow b$  , when changing  $b$  , we can assume  $\neg a$  .

In **if  $a$  then  $b$  else  $c$  fi** , when changing  $a$  , we can assume  $b \neq c$  .

In **if  $a$  then  $b$  else  $c$  fi** , when changing  $b$  , we can assume  $a$  .

In **if  $a$  then  $b$  else  $c$  fi** , when changing  $c$  , we can assume  $\neg a$  .

# Number Theory

number expressions represent quantity

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0 1 2 597 1.2 1e10  $\infty$

$-x$   $x+y$   $x-y$   $x \times y$   $x/y$   $\frac{x}{y}$   $x^y$   $x \uparrow y$   $x \downarrow y$

**if  $a$  then  $x$  else  $y$  fi**

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binary expressions

$x=y$   $x \neq y$   $x < y$   $x > y$   $x \leq y$   $x \geq y$

# Character Theory

“A”      “a”      “ ”      ““““””      “”””””

*succ*      *pred*      **if then else fi**

=    ≠    <    >    ≤    ≥

# Character Theory

“A”

“a”

“ ”

““““”

“””””



*succ*

*pred*

**if then else fi**

= ≠ < > ≤ ≥



# Character Theory

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