

47 Let \otimes be a two-operand infix operator (precedence 3) with natural operands and an extended natural result. Informally, $n \otimes m$ means “the number of times that n is a factor of m ”. It is defined by the following two axioms.

$$m: n \times \text{nat} \vee n \otimes m = 0$$

$$n \neq 0 \Rightarrow n \otimes (m \times n) = n \otimes m + 1$$

- (a) Make a 3×3 chart of the values of $(0, \dots, 3) \otimes (0, \dots, 3)$.
- (b) Show that the axioms become inconsistent if the antecedent of the second axiom is removed.
- (c) How should we change the axioms to allow \otimes to have extended natural operands?

After trying the question, scroll down to the solution.

(a) Make a 3x3 chart of the values of $(0,..3)_{\otimes}(0,..3)$.

§

		0	1	2
0		0	0	
1		∞	∞	∞
2		∞	0	1

(b) Show that the axioms become inconsistent if the antecedent of the second axiom is removed.

§

	⊤		axiom
=	$m: n \times nat \vee n \otimes m = 0$		specialization
=	$1: 0 \times nat \vee 0 \otimes 1 = 0$		$1: 0 \times nat$ is \perp
=	$0 \otimes 1 = 0$		

			$0 = 1 \times 0$
=	$0 \otimes (1 \times 0)$		use $n \otimes (m \times n) = n \otimes m + 1$
=	$0 \otimes 1 + 1$		use previous result
=	$0 + 1$		
=	1		

			$0 = 0 \times 0$
=	$0 \otimes (0 \times 0)$		use $n \otimes (m \times n) = n \otimes m + 1$
=	$0 \otimes 0 + 1$		use previous result
=	$1 + 1$		
=	2		

Hence $1 = 2$.

(c) How should we change the axioms to allow \otimes to have extended natural operands?

§ From the first axiom, instantiating with $m=\infty$ and $n=1$, we get

$\infty: 1 \times nat \vee 1 \otimes \infty = 0$
 $= \perp \vee 1 \otimes \infty = 0$
 $= 1 \otimes \infty = 0$

From the second axiom, instantiating with $m=\infty$ and $n=1$, we get

$1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow 1 \otimes (\infty \times 1) = 1 \otimes \infty + 1$
 $= 1 \otimes \infty = 1 \otimes \infty + 1$ now use what we got from the first axiom
 $= 0 = 0 + 1$

So we can't leave the axioms as they are. We can change nat to $xnat$ in the first axiom; now for $n \neq 0$ we have $n \otimes \infty = \infty$. Perhaps we don't want $\infty \otimes \infty = \infty$, so perhaps we should weaken the second axioms to $0 < n < \infty \Rightarrow n \otimes (m \times n) = n \otimes m + 1$. We now have no answer for $\infty \otimes m$, which should be 0 for finite m .