

137 Let  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  be integer variables. Express as simply as possible without using quantifiers, assignments, or sequential compositions

(a)  $b := a - b. b := a - b$

(b)  $a := a + b. b := a - b. a := a - b$

(c)  $c := a - b - c. b := a - b - c. a := a - b - c. c := a + b + c$

(d)  $a := a + b. b := a + b. c := a + b$

(e)  $a := a + b. b' = a + b. c := a + b$

(f)  $a := a + b + 1. b := a - b - 1. a := a - b - 1$

(g)  $a' = a + b + 1. b' = a - b - 1$

(h)  $a := a - b. b := a - b. a := a + b$

After trying the question, scroll down to the solution.

§(a)	$b := a - b. b := a - b$	expand last assignment
=	$b := a - b. a' = a \wedge b' = a - b \wedge c' = c$	Substitution Law
=	$a' = a \wedge b' = a - (a - b) \wedge c' = c$	
=	$a' = a \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = c$	
=	$ok$	
§(b)	$a := a + b. b := a - b. a := a - b$	expand last assignment
=	$a := a + b. b := a - b. a' = a - b \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = c$	Substitution Law
=	$a := a + b. a' = a - (a - b) \wedge b' = a - b \wedge c' = c$	Substitution Law
=	$a' = b \wedge b' = (a + b) - b \wedge c' = c$	subtract
=	$a' = b \wedge b' = a \wedge c' = c$	
§(c)	$c := a - b - c. b := a - b - c. a := a - b - c. c := a + b + c$	expand last assignment
=	$c := a - b - c. b := a - b - c. a := a - b - c. a' = a \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = a + b + c$	Substitution Law
=	$c := a - b - c. b := a - b - c. a' = a - b - c \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = (a - b - c) + b + c$	arithmetic
=	$c := a - b - c. b := a - b - c. a' = a - b - c \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = a$	Substitution Law
=	$c := a - b - c. a' = a - (a - b - c) - c \wedge b' = a - b - c \wedge c' = a$	arithmetic
=	$c := a - b - c. a' = b \wedge b' = a - b - c \wedge c' = a$	Substitution Law
=	$a' = b \wedge b' = a - b - (a - b - c) \wedge c' = a$	arithmetic
=	$a' = b \wedge b' = c \wedge c' = a$	
§(d)	$a := a + b. b := a + b. c := a + b$	expand last assignment
=	$a := a + b. b := a + b. a' = a \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = a + b$	substitution law
=	$a := a + b. a' = a \wedge b' = a + b \wedge c' = a + a + b$	substitution law
=	$a' = a + b \wedge b' = a + b + b \wedge c' = a + b + a + b + b$	arithmetic
=	$a' = a + b \wedge b' = a + 2 \times b \wedge c' = 2 \times a + 3 \times b$	
§(e)	$a := a + b. b' = a + b. c := a + b$	expand last assignment
=	$a := a + b. b' = a + b. a' = a \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = a + b$	sequential composition
=	$a := a + b. \exists a'', b'', c''. b'' = a + b \wedge a' = a'' \wedge b' = b'' \wedge c' = a'' + b''$	one-point for $a''$ and $b''$ , idempotence for $c''$
=	$a := a + b. b' = a + b \wedge c' = a' + b'$	substitution law
=	$b' = a + b + b \wedge c' = a' + b'$	arithmetic
=	$b' = a + 2 \times b \wedge c' = a' + b'$	
§(f)	$a := a + b + 1. b := a - b - 1. a := a - b - 1$	expand last assignment
=	$a := a + b + 1. b := a - b - 1. a' = a - b - 1 \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = c$	substitution law once
=	$a := a + b + 1. a' = a - (a - b - 1) - 1 \wedge b' = a - b - 1 \wedge c' = c$	simplify
=	$a := a + b + 1. a' = b \wedge b' = a - b - 1 \wedge c' = c$	substitution law
=	$a' = b \wedge b' = a + b + 1 - b - 1 \wedge c' = c$	simplify
=	$a' = b \wedge b' = a \wedge c' = c$	
§(g)	$a' = a + b + 1. b' = a - b - 1$	expand sequential composition
=	$\exists a'', b'', c''. a'' = a + b + 1 \wedge b' = a'' - b'' - 1$	one point for $a''$ , identity for $c''$
=	$\exists b''. b' = a + b + 1 - b'' - 1$	simplify, rearrange, and identity
=	$\exists b''. b'' = a + b - b' \wedge \top$	one point for $b''$
=	$\top$	

§(h)	$a := a - b. b := a - b. a := a + b$	
=	$a := a - b. b := a - b. a' = a + b \wedge b' = b \wedge c' = c$	expand last :=
=	$a := a - b. a' = a + a - b \wedge b' = a - b \wedge c' = c$	substitution law
=	$a' = a - b + a - b - b \wedge b' = a - b - b \wedge c' = c$	substitution law
=	$a' = 2 \times a - 3 \times b \wedge b' = a - 2 \times b \wedge c' = c$	simplify