

152 Let n be natural and let i and j be natural variables. Here are two refinements.

$A \Leftarrow i:=0. j:=n. B$

$B \Leftarrow \mathbf{if } i \geq j \mathbf{ then } ok \mathbf{ else } i:=i+1. j:=j-1. B \mathbf{ fi}$

(a) Add recursive time.

(b) Find specifications A and B that give good upper bounds on the time, and prove the refinements.

After trying the question, scroll down to the solution.

(a) Add recursive time.

§ $A \Leftarrow i:=0. j:=n. B$
 $B \Leftarrow \text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } ok \text{ else } i:=i+1. j:=j-1. t:=t+1. B \text{ fi}$

(b) Find specifications A and B that give good upper bounds on the time, and prove the refinements.

§ I first tried

$A = t' \leq t + (n+1)/2$
 $B = t' \leq t + \text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } (j-i+1)/2 \text{ fi}$

but it didn't work, so now I'll try

$A = (\text{odd } n \Rightarrow t' = t + (n+1)/2)$
 $\wedge (\text{even } n \Rightarrow t' = t + n/2)$
 $B = (i \leq j+1 \wedge \text{odd } (j-i) \Rightarrow t' = t + (j-i+1)/2)$
 $\wedge (i \leq j \wedge \text{even } (j-i) \Rightarrow t' = t + (j-i)/2)$

Proof of first refinement:

$i:=0. j:=n. B$ replace B and substitute twice
 $= (0 \leq n \wedge \text{odd } (n-0) \Rightarrow t' = t + (n-0+1)/2)$
 $\wedge (0 \leq n \wedge \text{even } (n-0) \Rightarrow t' = t + (n-0)/2)$ simplify
 $= (\text{odd } n \Rightarrow t' = t + (n+1)/2)$
 $\wedge (\text{even } n \Rightarrow t' = t + n/2)$
 $= A$

Proof of last refinement, starting with the right side:

$\text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } ok \text{ else } i:=i+1. j:=j-1. t:=t+1. B \text{ fi}$ replace B and substitute thrice
 $= \text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } ok \text{ else } (i+1 \leq j-1+1 \wedge \text{odd } (j-1-(i+1)) \Rightarrow t' = t + 1 + (j-1-(i+1)+1)/2)$
 $\wedge (i+1 \leq j-1 \wedge \text{even } (j-1-(i+1)) \Rightarrow t' = t + 1 + (j-1-(i+1))/2) \text{ fi}$
 $= \text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } ok \text{ else } (i \leq j-1 \wedge \text{odd } (j-i) \Rightarrow t' = t + (j-i+1)/2)$
 $\wedge (i \leq j-2 \wedge \text{even } (j-i) \Rightarrow t' = t + (j-i)/2) \text{ fi}$
In context $i < j$ and $\text{odd } (j-i)$, $i \leq j-1$ is the same as $i \leq j$.
In context $i < j$ and $\text{even } (j-i)$, $i \leq j-2$ is the same as $i \leq j$.
 $= \text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } ok \text{ else } (i \leq j \wedge \text{odd } (j-i) \Rightarrow t' = t + (j-i+1)/2)$
 $\wedge (i \leq j \wedge \text{even } (j-i) \Rightarrow t' = t + (j-i)/2) \text{ fi}$
 $= \text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } ok \text{ else } B \text{ fi}$
In context $i \geq j$ and $\text{odd } (j-i)$, $i \leq j+1$ is the same as $i=j+1$.
In context $i \geq j$ and $\text{even } (j-i)$, $i \leq j$ is the same as $i=j$.
 $= \text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } (i \leq j+1 \wedge \text{odd } (j-i) \Rightarrow i'=i \wedge j'=j \wedge t' = t + (j-i+1)/2)$
 $\wedge (i \leq j \wedge \text{even } (j-i) \Rightarrow i'=i \wedge j'=j \wedge t' = t + (j-i)/2)$
 $\text{else } B \text{ fi}$
 $\Rightarrow \text{if } i \geq j \text{ then } B \text{ else } B \text{ fi}$
 $= B$