- For naturals n and m, we can express the statement "n is a factor of m" formally as m:  $n \times nat$
- (a) What are the factors of 0?
- (b) What is 0 a factor of?
- (c) What are the factors of 1?
- (d) What is 1 a factor of?

After trying the question, scroll down to the solution.

- (a) What are the factors of 0?
- § For any natural n we have  $0: n \times nat$ , so all naturals are factors of 0.
- (b) What is 0 a factor of?
- §  $m: 0 \times nat$  requires m to be 0, so 0 is a factor of only 0.
- (c) What are the factors of 1?
- § 1:  $n \times nat$  requires n to be 1, so only 1 is a factor of 1.
- (d) What is 1 a factor of?
- § For any natural m we have  $m: 1 \times nat$ , so 1 is a factor of all naturals.